

Asia week ahead: Where is growth headed in the second quarter?

Asian economies continue to build on their export strength as Taiwan and Korea's 1Q21 GDP reports should reveal next week.

However, forward-looking confidence indicators may be more closely watched for the likely path of growth in the current quarter



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Export-led recovery is strengthening

Korea and Taiwan are the next Asian countries to release GDP numbers for 1Q21, and we expect both countries to have built on their export strength in the last quarter.

Taiwan was a notable exception to an unprecedented economic slump during the Covid-19 crisis as year-on-year GDP growth remained positive throughout 2020. While this had the island economy off to a strong start in 2021, disproportionate benefits of global semiconductor shortages kept exports and GDP growth accelerating. Our house forecast for Taiwan's 1Q GDP growth is 5.5% year-on-year, up from 5.1% in 4Q20.

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Korea is the next Asian economy to have snapped the negative year-on-year GDP growth trend in the first quarter. We're looking for 1% YoY GDP growth after the contraction in the preceding three quarters (-1.2% YoY in 4Q20). Strong exports buoyed manufacturing, while multiple Covid-19 waves continued to hold back the recovery of services output. But even then, we think our growth forecast is at risk of more upside than downside surprise.

Our Korean growth forecast is at risk of more upside than downside surprise

Elsewhere in Asia, lots of industrial production numbers for March will help us fine-tune 1Q GDP estimates of the countries reporting next week -- Japan, Singapore, and Thailand. Released earlier this month, an advance estimate of Singapore's 1Q GDP eked out a 0.2% YoY growth. So, March industrial production data will signal the direction of revision to the initial estimate, which will most likely be upward given the persistent strong non-oil domestic exports in March.

We don't think manufacturing in Japan or Thailand was strong enough to pull GDP growths up into positive territory in 1Q. Moreover, the prospects of this happening in the current quarter are diminishing, too, with the fourth wave of the pandemic.

But prospects continue to be uncertain

GDP releases may well be carrying some market impact, though that's not going to change the fact that 1Q21 is pretty much a thing of the past. So, markets will be more interested in ascertaining the direction of GDP growth in the second quarter, or even beyond, while multiple waves of the pandemic continue to dampen the outlook.

The forward-looking consumer and business sentiment indicators come in handy for this purpose, so do purchasing manager indices (PMIs) or even corporate profits for what they say about future investments - and there are plenty of those on the calendar next week.

The key standouts are China's industrial profits data for March as well as the manufacturing and non-manufacturing PMIs for April -- all likely reflecting the steady advance of Asia's biggest economy. And in Korea, consumer and business confidence indicators may show further improvements over their March readings, paving the way for even more growth this quarter

despite the increasing number of Covid-19 cases yet again.

The Bank of Japan policymakers meet on Tuesday (27 April). Having tweaked the policy at the March meeting for a broader trading range for benchmark bond yields and scrapping the target for ETF purchases, there is little likelihood of the central bank tempering it again in just over a month.

In Australia, inflation remains far behind the reserve Bank of Australia's 2-3% policy target as we get 1Q CPI data next week (ING forecast 1.0% YoY). It should hit the target in the current quarter, though that's due in part to the low base effects rather than underlying demand recovery.

Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Time	Data/event	ING Survey	Prev.
Monday 26 April				
Singapore	0600	Mar Manufacturing Output (MoM/YoY%)	9.8/14.0	1.6/16.4
South Korea	0000	Q1 GDP Growth (QoQ/YoY%)	0.8/1.0	1.2/-1.2
Tuesday 27 April				
China	0230	Mar Industrial Profit (YoY% YTD)	215.0	179.0
Hong Kong	1000	Mar Exports (YoY%)	20.8	17.6
	1000	Mar Imports (YoY%)	13.0	30.4
	1000	Mar Trade balance (HK\$bn)	-15.5	-14.7
Philippines	-	Mar Budget Balance	-22.4	-116.0
South Korea	2200	Apr BoK Consumer Sentiment Index	100.7	100.5
Wednesday 28 April				
Malaysia	0500	Mar Trade Balance	18.4	17.9
	0500	Mar Exports	22.7	17.6
	0500	Mar Imports	17.9	12.7
Singapore	-	1Q Unemployment rate (SA%)	3.1	3.3
Thailand	-	Mar Manufacturing Prod (YoY%)	-1.7	-1.1
South Korea	2200	May BOK Manufacturing BSI	92.1	91.0
	2200	May BOK Non-manufacturing BSI	78.2	78.0
Thursday 29 April				
South Korea	0000	Mar Industrial Output (MoM/YoY%)	-1.1/4.1	4.3/0.9
Friday 30 April				
China	0200	Apr NBS Non-Mfg PMI	56.0	56.3
	0200	Apr NBS Manufacturing PMI	51.2	51.9
	0200	Apr Composite PMI	-	55.3
Hong Kong	0930	Mar Money Supply M3	-	10.3
Malaysia	0800	Mar Money Supply (YoY%)	-	5.1
Indonesia	0500	Mar M2 Money Supply (YoY%)	-	11.3
Taiwan	0900	Q1 GDP (YoY%) Prelim	5.5	5.1
Thailand	0830	Mar Current Account (US\$bn)	-1.0	-1.1

Source: ING, Refinitiv, *GMT