

Article | 30 May 2024

Asia week ahead: RBI likely to pause while China's exports rise

A busy week ahead for Asia should see the Reserve Bank of India pausing alongside trade data set for release in China, Taiwan and South Korea. The focus also shifts to Australia's GDP report, Japan's labour cash earnings and inflation out from Taiwan, Indonesia and the Philippines



RBI likely to stand pat

The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) meeting on 7 June is unlikely to result in any change to the 6.5% policy repurchase rate. Indian inflation remains relatively well-behaved, while PMI data continues to point to robust growth, irrespective of volatility in the GDP numbers. The RBI remains focused on maintaining stability in the exchange rate, and until we see international rates starting to be cut, it is unlikely that the RBI will change its own policy rates.

Article | 30 May 2024

China trade and Caixin PMI numbers out next week

The Caixin manufacturing PMI will be published on Monday, where markets are looking for a small uptick to 51.6 from the previous month's 51.4 measure. The Caixin PMI has mostly been outperforming the official PMI over the past year; given that Caixin PMI respondents are more weighted toward the private sector, this sends a slightly conflicting signal amid other signs of weak private sector sentiment.

China's May trade data is scheduled for Friday, where we are expecting the base effect to lead to a rebound of exports to 8.8% year-on-year and a slight moderation of imports to 5.5% YoY. The impact of new tariffs from the US will have no bearing on this release as they not expected to take effect until August.

Australia GDP to moderate?

Ahead of this year's first quarter GDP release on 5 June, we'll see private capital expenditure data as well as the contribution to GDP from net exports, which will help to set the scene for the first quarter. Fourth quarter GDP in 2023 registered an increase of 0.2% quarter-on-quarter, and at this stage, we aren't expecting the first quarter figure of this year to be much different – which would be equivalent to growth slowing from 1.5% YoY to just 1.2%.

Taiwan data dump of PMI, inflation and trade

Taiwan releases the May manufacturing PMI data on Monday. Here, markets will watch out for a second consecutive month of expansion or a fall back into contraction. Prior to April's rise to 50.2, the manufacturing PMI had been in contraction since May 2022, and given seasonality factors, odds may be balanced toward a return to contraction. May CPI data is scheduled for Thursday, where we are expecting a small uptick to bring CPI to 2.1% YoY.

Finally, trade data will be published on Friday, where we are looking for an uptick of exports to 8.8% YoY and a small moderation of imports to 4.2% YoY for a trade balance of USD6.8bn.

South Korea's exports to get a boost from chips

We believe a strong chip cycle should boost exports and manufacturing activity in South Korea. Exports in May are expected to rise 15.3% YoY on the back of strong chip exports. The recovery is somewhat limited, however, to the semiconductor sector. As a result, the manufacturing PMI is expected to remain below neutral level, although we could see an improvement from the previous month.

Japan's labour cash earnings

The most anticipated data release next week in Japan should be labour cash earnings and household spending in April. We don't expect a dramatic advance, as we think the latest shunto results are likely to take effect from May.

Inflation out from Indonesia and the Philippines

Indonesia and the Philippines report their latest inflation reports next week. Indonesia's inflation could tiptoe higher to 3.1% YoY as IDR weakness feeds through to imported inflation. This translates to roughly a 0.15% growth on a month-on-month basis. We believe Bank Indonesia (BI)

Article | 30 May 2024 2

could be open to further tightening should IDR weakness persist and inflation trend closer to the top end of the central bank's 1.5-3.5% target.

Meanwhile, inflation in the Philippines is also likely to edge higher, ticking up to 4.0%YoY due to an increase in domestic gasoline prices. Expensive rice prices are also likely to push up the headline number, but core inflation could edge lower to 3.0% YoY. Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas recently struck a more dovish tone – possibly as its focus shifts to falling core inflation and moderating growth.

Key events in Asia next week

Article | 30 May 2024

| Country | Time (GMT) | Data/event | ING | Prev. |
|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| | | Saturday 1 June | | |
| South Korea | | May Export Growth Prelim | 15.3 | 13.8 |
| | | May Import Growth Prelim | 3.2 | 5.4 |
| | 0100 | May Trade Balance Prelim | 4 | 1.53 |
| | | Sunday 2 June | | |
| Singapore | 1400 | May Manufacturing PMI | - | 50.5 |
| | | Monday 3 June | | |
| Japan | | 1Q24 Capital Spending (YoY%) | 10 | 16.4 |
| | | May Jibun Bank Manufacturing PMI | 50.5 | 50.5 |
| | | May Monetary Base (YoY%) | - | 1.76 |
| China | | May Caixin Manufacturing PMI Final | - | 51.4 |
| India | | May IHS S&P Global Manufacturing PMI | 58.4 | 58.4 |
| Indonesia | | May IHS S&P Global PMI | - | 52.9 |
| | | May Inflation (MoM%/YoY%) | | 0.25/3.00 |
| | | May Core Inflation (MoM%/YoY%) | -/-2.0 | 0.23/1.82 |
| Philippines | | May Manufacturing PMI SA | - | 52.2 |
| Singapore | | May Foreign Reserves USD | - | 366.9 |
| Taiwan | | May IHS S&P Global Manufacturing PMI | - | 50.2 |
| South Korea | 0130 | May IHS S&P Global Manufacturing PMI | 49.9 | 49.4 |
| | | Tuesday 4 June | | |
| Australia | | Q1 Current Account Balance SA | - | 11.8 |
| South Korea | 0000 | May CPI Growth (MoM%/YoY%) | 0.2/2.9 | 0.0/2.9 |
| | | Wednesday 5 June | | |
| Japan | | Apr Labour Cash Earnings (MoM%) | 1.5 | 1 |
| | 0130 | May Services PMI | 53.6 | 53.6 |
| Australia | 0230 | Q1 Real GDP (QoQ%/YoY%) | 0.2/1.2 | 0.2/1.5 |
| China | | May Caixin Services PMI | - | 52.5 |
| India | | May IHS S&P Global Services PMI | 61.4 | 61.4 |
| Philippines | | May CPI (MoM%/YoY%) | 0.2/4.0 | -0.1/3.8 |
| | | May Core CPI (YoY%) | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| Singapore | 0600 | Apr Retail Sales (MoM%/YoY%) | -3.5/3.8 | -1/2.7 |
| Taiwan | 0920 | May Foreign Exchange Reserve | - | 567.01 |
| South Korea | 0000 | Q1 GDP Growth (QoQ%/YoY%) | 1.3/3.4 | 1.3/3.4 |
| | | Thursday 6 June | | |
| Japan | 0030 | Apr All Household Spending (YoY%) | 1 | -1.2 |
| | 0030 | Apr All Household Spending (MoM%) | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| Taiwan | 0900 | May CPI (YoY%) | 2.1 | 1.95 |
| | | Friday 7 June | | |
| China | 0900 | May FX Reserves (Monthly) | - | 3.201 |
| | - | May Exports | 8.7 | 1.5 |
| | - | May Imports | 5.5 | 8.4 |
| | - | May Trade Balance | 77.9 | 72.35 |
| India | 0530 | Repo Rate | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| | 0530 | Reverse Repo Rate | 3.35 | 3.35 |
| | 0530 | Cash Reserve Ratio | - | 4.5 |
| Indonesia | 0500 | May Forex Reserves | - | 136.2 |
| Philippines | - | May Forex Reserves USD | - | 103.4 |
| Taiwan | | May Imports | 4.2 | 6.6 |
| | | May Exports | 8.8 | 4.3 |
| | | May Trade Balance | 6.8 | 6.46 |

Article | 30 May 2024 4

Author

Lynn Song

Chief Economist, Greater China lynn.song@asia.ing.com

Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.

Article | 30 May 2024 5