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# Asia week ahead: Policy rate decisions from Australia and India

Next week's data calendar features policy rate decisions from Australia and India, inflation numbers from Korea, Indonesia and the Philippines plus activity data from China and Singapore



#### Source: Shutterstock

### The end of rate hikes in Australia?

Following softer-than-expected inflation numbers for February, we believe the Reserve Bank of Australia (RBA) will leave the cash rate target unchanged at 3.6% next week. The RBA hinted at its most recent rate-setting meeting that it was looking at a possible pause in rates, and these inflation numbers provide the perfect excuse. We are reserving judgement on whether this marks the peak for cash rates in this cycle. Other data, including from the labour market, could swing this decision one way or the other. Markets are, however, currently betting that 3.6% marks the peak.

# Inflationary pressures persist in India

We expect the Reserve Bank of India to hike rates a further 25bp at its April meeting, taking the repo rate to 6.75% as inflation remains above the top of the upper target band (6%) and core rates of inflation also remain elevated. We do, however, think that this might be the last hike in this cycle as we expect inflation to drop sharply in March.

## Upcoming trade and inflation data from Korea

March trade data will confirm that global semiconductor demand remains weak and China's reopening story has yet to boost Korea's exports. We expect the trade deficit to narrow in March due to a sharp decline in imports rather than a rebound in exports.

Meanwhile, consumer inflation is expected to slow further in March. Utilities and food prices should show a rise, yet mostly be offset by falling in oil prices. Since we expect the CPI to head to 3% in the coming months, we maintain a long-standing Bank of Korea (BoK) forecast that the BoK's hikes are done for this cycle.

# Diverging pace of recovery for China's manufacturing and services sector

As Caixin's PMI survey respondents are smaller companies compared to the official PMI survey, we expect Caixin's manufacturing PMI to record a slower monthly growth as small exporters would be the first in the economy to suffer from weakness in US and Europe economies. However, Caixin services PMI respondents should enjoy more growth from retail sales than the respondents of the official PMI survey, which includes companies in the real estate sector.

# China's foreign exchange reserves to provide insights on capital flows

China will announce foreign exchange reserves for March on 7 April. This data is important to gauge the direction of cross-border capital flows when US and Europe are at the core of the financial market turmoil. We expect a slight inflow into China in March as China is away from the sources of the turmoil and its economy is recovering.

# Singapore retail sales to rebound on year-over-year basis

Singapore retail sales for the month of February could jump 20.7% from the previous year, benefiting from a favourable base. Sales however will likely be in contraction from the previous month as elevated inflation keeps a lid on economic activity. Soft retail sales alongside contracting industrial production and falling non-oil domestic exports point to a subdued GDP report for the first quarter.

## Upcoming inflation data from Indonesia and Philippines

Price pressures remain evident in both Indonesia and the Philippines, although both economies should see the headline readings moderate as base effects filter through the data. Indonesia's headline inflation could slow further to 5.2% year-on-year (from 5.5% previously) although core inflation may likely be unchanged at 3.1%. With core inflation very close to the central bank's

inflation target of 3%, Bank Indonesia Governor Perry Warjiyo has opted to keep rates untouched at two consecutive meetings.

Meanwhile, in the Philippines, headline inflation likely dipped to 8%YoY from 8.6% in the previous month. Slowing inflation in the Philippines could allow the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas to pause at its May policy meeting. Governor Felipe Medalla hinted that his most recent rate hike could be the last for this episode should inflation continue to trend lower.

# Key events in Asia next week

| Country                | Time Data/event                             | ING        | Survey | Prev.     |
|------------------------|---|------------|--------|-----------|
|                        | Saturday 1 April                            |            |        |           |
| Korea                  | 0100 Mar Exports/Imports (YoY%)             | -15.3/-7.5 |        | -7.5/3.6  |
|                        | Mar trade balance (USD mn)                  | -5000      |        | -5300     |
|                        | Monday 3 April                              |            |        |           |
| Japan                  | 0130 Mar Jibun Bank Manufacturing PMI       | 48.6       |        | 48.6      |
|                        | 0050 Mar Monetary Base (YoY%)               | -          |        | -1.71     |
| China                  | 0245 Mar Caixin Manufacturing PMI Final     | 51         |        | 51.6      |
| India                  | 0600 Mar IHS S&P Global Manufacturing PMI   | -          | 54.9   | 55.3      |
| Indonesia              | 0130 Mar IHS S&P Global PMI                 | 51.5       |        | 51.2      |
|                        | 0500 Mar Core Inflation (YoY%)              | 3.1        |        | 3.09      |
|                        | 0500 Mar Inflation (MoM%/YoY%)              | 0.22/5.2   |        | 0.16/5.47 |
| Philippines            | 0130 Mar Manufacturing PMI SA               | 52.4       |        | 52.7      |
| Singapore              | 1400 Mar Manufacturing PMI                  | 50.2       |        | 50        |
| South Korea            | 0130 Mar IHS S&P Global Manufacturing PMI   | 49         |        | 48.5      |
|                        | 0000 Mar CPI Growth (MoM%/YoY%)             | 0.2/4.3    |        | 0.3/4.8   |
|                        | Tuesday 4 April                             |            |        |           |
| Australia              | 0530 Apr RBA Cash Rate                      | -          |        | 3.6       |
|                        | Wednesday 5 April                           |            |        |           |
| Japan                  | 0130 Mar Services PMI                       | 54.2       |        | 54.2      |
| India                  | 0600 Mar IHS S&P Global Services PMI        | -          | 58.5   | 59.4      |
| Philippines            | - Mar Forex Reserves USD                    | -          |        | 99.3      |
|                        | 0200 Mar CPI (MoM%/YoY%)                    | -0.1/8.0   |        | 0/8.6     |
|                        | 0200 Mar Core CPI (YoY%)                    | 7.6        |        | 7.8       |
| Singapore              | 0600 Feb Retail Sales (MoM%/YoY%)           | -6.4/20.7  |        | -9.4/-0.8 |
|                        | Thursday 6 April                            |            |        |           |
| Japan                  | 0030 Feb All Household Spending (MoM%/YoY%) | -          |        | 2.7/-0.3  |
| Australia              | 0130 Feb Trade Balance (AUD bn)             | -          |        | 11688     |
| China                  | 0245 Mar Caixin Services PMI                | 55         |        | 55        |
| India                  | 0530 Repo Rate                              | -          |        | 6.5       |
|                        | 0530 Reverse Repo Rate                      | -          |        | 3.35      |
|                        | 0530 Cash Reserve Ratio                     | -          |        | 4.5       |
| South Korea            | 0000 Feb Current Account Balance NSA        | -          |        | -4.52     |
|                        | Friday 7 April                              |            |        |           |
| China                  | - Mar FX Reserves (Monthly)                 | 3.140      |        | 3.133     |
| Indonesia              | 0500 Mar Forex Reserves                     | -          |        | 140.3     |
| Singapore              | 1000 Mar Foreign Reserves (USD bn)          | -          |        | 294.1     |
| Source: Refinitiv, ING |   |            |        |           |

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