Article | 24 January 2019

# Asia week ahead: Indian budget steals focus

The trade and purchasing manager indexes (PMIs) from across Asia may reveal that 2019 isn't off to a good start for regional economies, arguing for continued policy stimulus. India's FY2019-20 budget will be a closely-watched event as the Modi government aims to boost economic growth in its bid for re-election



Source: Shutterstock

# Indian government unveils an election budget

India's interim finance minister Piyush Goyal presents the FY2019-20 budget to the parliament on Friday, 1 February (Arun Jaitley is reportedly on medical leave). Growth will outweigh fiscal

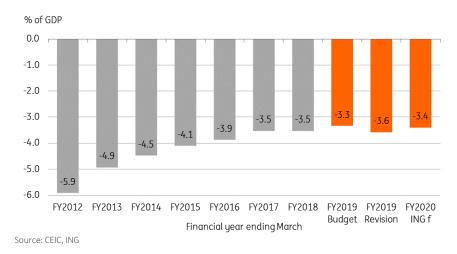
Article | 24 January 2019

discipline as the Modi administration pushes its way for a second term in the general election scheduled for May this year.

As such, after an overshoot of the deficit in the last financial year and more likely again in the current year, hopes of any fiscal consolidation taking place in the next financial year are largely misplaced. We see the revised budget for current FY2018-19 producing a deficit equivalent to 3.6% of GDP, well above the government's initial projection of 3.3% (consensus 3.5%). Our deficit forecast for the next financial year is 3.4%.

Persistently weak public finances will keep local government bonds and the Indian rupee under weakening pressure.

#### India: Fiscal deficit - derailed consolidation



### Export weakness weighs on manufacturing

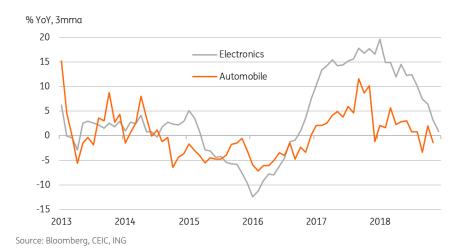
The trade and PMI releases from the rest of the region will likely reinforce the export-led slowdown in manufacturing coming into 2019 – not a good start to the year.

China's PMI will be closely watched. The manufacturing index fell below 50 in December for the first time since mid-2016, indicating contraction in activity, while services continued to grow. We aren't anticipating any bounce in activity in January, though the front-loading for the Lunar New Year holiday, which falls in the first week February, leaves scope for an upside surprise. Moreover, China's industrial profits data paints a clearer picture. Profits ended 2018 with negative growth and 2019 has seen a weak start as well.

Korea's trade for January, the first trade data from the region and probably from the world, is expected to show the deepening of export weakness as the downturn in global electronics and the automobile sector and a slowdown in China dampened export demand.

Article | 24 January 2019

#### Asia: Electronics and autom



## Asia Economic Calendar

Article | 24 January 2019

Country	Time*	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
		Monday 28 January			
China	0130	Dec Industrial Profits (YTD, YoY%)	-3.0	-	-1.8
Hong Kong	0815	Dec Exports (YoY%)	-1.8		-0.8
		Dec Imports (YoY%)	-5.0		0.5
		Dec Trade Balance (HK\$ bn)	-45.0		-45.0
		Tuesday 29 January			
South Korea	2100	Feb BoK Business Survey Index, mfg	69.5	-	71.0
	2100	Feb BoK Business Survey Index, non-mfg	71.0	-	72.0
		Wednesday 30 January			
Hong Kong	0830	Dec Retail Sales Value (YoY%)	3.4		1.4
	-	Dec Retail Sales Volume (YoY%)	3.2		1.2
Malaysia	0900	Dec Trade Balance (RM bn)	5.7	-	7.6
	0900	Dec Exports (YoY%)	5.8	-	1.6
	0900	Dec Imports (YoY%)	8.7	-	5.0
Thailand	-	Dec Manufacturing Index (YoY%)	-1.0	-	1.0
South Korea	2300	Dec Industrial Production (MoM/YoY%)	-2/-1.5	-/-	-1.7/0.1
		Thursday 31 January			
China	0100	Jan Non-manufacturing PMI	53.0	-	53.8
	0100	Jan Manufacturing PMI	49.0	-	49.4
India	1100	Dec Fiscal Deficit (INR crore)	-	-	68042.0
	1200	2018 GDP Annual (YoY%)	-	-	7.2
Singapore	0230	4Q Jobless Rate (Q) (%, SA)	2.2	-	2.1
Taiwan	0800	4Q P GDP (YoY%)	1.6	-	2.3
	0800	Central Bank December Minutes			
South Korea	2300	Jan CPI (MoM/YoY%)	0.4/1.3	-/-	-0.3/1.3
		Friday 1 February			
China	0145	Jan Caixin Manufacturing PMI	-	-	49.7
India	0500	Jan Nikkei Manufacturing PMI	52.5	-	53.2
	-	FY 2019-20 Budget (Deficit, % of GDP)	-3.4	-	-3.6
Indonesia	-	Jan CPI Core (YoY%)	-	-	3.1
	-	Jan CPI (YoY%)	3.0	-	3.1
Taiwan	0030	Jan Nikkei Manufacturing PMI	-	-	47.7
Thailand	0030	Jan Nikkei Manufacturing PMI	49.5	-	50.3
	0400	Jan CPI (YoY%)	0.3	-	0.4
	0400	Jan CPI Core (YoY%)	0.7	-	0.7
South Korea	0000	Jan Imports (YoY%)	-8.0	-	0.9
	0000	Jan Trade Balance (US\$mn)	4683.0	-	4342.0
	0000	Jan Exports (YoY%)	-5.0	-	-1.2
	0030	Jan Nikkei Manufacturing PMI	48.8	-	49.8

Source: ING, Bloomberg, \*GMT

Article | 24 January 2019 4