

Asia Week Ahead: GDP reports could show impact of latest Covid wave

The coming week features inflation figures from Australia and Singapore, on top of several GDP reports



The December surge in Covid cases in Korea will have weighed on service sector activity

Inflation reports

Inflation in Australia in 3Q21 dropped to 3.0%Year-on-Year from 3.8% the previous quarter, and will likely stay close to 3.0%YoY in 4Q21. Although still higher than the Reserve Bank's (RBA) inflation target, the important fact is that this is a fraction of the inflation rates seen in the US and Europe and is not moving higher but stabilising. Markets are pricing in a similarly aggressive tightening cycle from the RBA as for the Federal Reserve, but these inflation numbers will support the more dovish message being given by the RBA.

December 2021 inflation for Singapore, meanwhile, is expected to remain elevated. Core inflation, the inflation measure monitored by monetary authorities, likely rose to 1.8%, prompting the authorities to implement supply-side measures to mitigate inflationary pressures on food items. Elevated inflation will keep the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) leaning towards a hawkish change ahead of their April meeting.

Loaded Taiwan data calendar

Taiwan's December industrial production growth should slow slightly but will probably remain high

at 11.6%YoY, down from 12.19% in November. This moderation is due to Covid cases in Taiwan. Unemployment should be quite flat as well since Chinese New Year is coming, which increases demand for temporary jobs in the service sector. GDP will be announced on Thursday, and we expect it to show a marginal slowdown to 3.5%YoY in 4Q21 from 3.7%YoY in 3Q21, mainly a base effect phenomenon. Full-year GDP growth should be 6% in 2021, a jump from 3.0% in 2020. The PMI for January will show that manufacturing activity grew slower – again a Covid phenomenon.

GDP figures out from Korea and the Philippines

Following a 3Q21 GDP growth rate of only 0.3%Quarter-on-Quarter, the prospect of a much stronger fourth quarter figure has been thrown into doubt by the December surge in Covid cases in Korea that likely weighed on service sector activity, along with a flat full quarter for industrial production and likely reversal of the positive swing in net exports in 3Q21. But GDP probably has little bearing on the outlook for the Bank of Korea, which is more focused on financial distortions and the housing market at present.

In the Philippines, 4Q21 GDP is expected to hit 6.7%. Household spending likely delivered much of the boost, with mobility indicators suggesting economic activity picked up with Covid cases slowing ahead of the holiday season. However, damage from a super typhoon in December likely sapped some growth momentum given substantial crop damage on top of destruction to infrastructure and property. This should bring full-year growth to 5.4% for 2021, at the upper end of the government's full-year target. The recent surge in Covid-19 infections at the end of December could mean that much of the gains made in 4Q21 will be walked back as restrictions were reinstated in January 2022.

The rest of the field

Next week also sees the publication of trade data from the Philippines which will likely figure in the fourth quarter GDP report released on the same day. The calendar also features manufacturing output and unemployment figures from Singapore, as well as trade data from Malaysia.

Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Time	Data/event	ING Survey	Prev.
Saturday 22 January				
Taiwan	0800	Dec Unemployment rate (%)	3.7	3.71
Sunday 23 January				
Australia	2200	Jan Manufacturing PMI Flash	57.4	57.7
	2200	Jan Services PMI Flash	54.8	55.1
	2200	Jan Composite PMI Flash	54.6	54.9
Monday 24 January				
India	1130	M3 Money Supply	-	9.9
Singapore	0500	Dec Core CPI (YoY%)	1.8	1.6
	0500	Dec CPI (YoY%)	3.6	1.0/3.8
Taiwan	0800	Dec Industrial Output (YoY%)	11.6	12.19
	0820	Dec Money Supply - M2 (YoY%)	8.17	8.26
South Korea	2300	Q4 GDP Growth (QoQ%/YoY%)	0.9/3.7	0.3/4
Tuesday 25 January				
Australia	0030	Q4 CPI (QoQ%/YoY%)	0.9/3.1	0.8/3
South Korea	2100	Jan BoK Consumer Sentiment Index	103.1	103.9
Wednesday 26 January				
Japan	0500	Nov Leading Indicator Revised	-	1.5
Singapore	0500	Dec Manufacturing Output (MoM%/YoY%)	-/-	2.3/14.6
Thursday 27 January				
China	0130	Dec Industrial Profit (YoY%)	12.5	9
Philippines	0100	Dec Exports (YoY%)	9.1	6.6
	0100	Dec Imports (YoY%)	28.6	36.8
	0100	Dec Trade Balance	-4291	-4706
	0200	Q4 GDP (QoQ%/YoY%)	3.4/6/7	3.8/7.1
Singapore	0230	Q4 Unemployment Rate Prelim SA	-	2.6
Taiwan	0800	Q4 GDP Flash (YoY%)	3.5	3.7
Friday 28 January				
Malaysia	0400	Dec Trade Balance	-	18.9
	0400	Dec Exports (YoY%)	-	32.4
	0400	Dec Imports (YoY%)	-	38
Singapore	0230	Q4 Unemployment Rate Final SA	-	-
Taiwan	0030	Jan IHS Markit Manufacturing PMI	52.0	55.5
Sunday 30 January				
China		Official Manufacturing PMI	50.0	50.3
		Official Non-Manufacturing PMI	51.0	52.7

Source: Refinitiv, ING, *GMT

Author

Iris Pang

Chief Economist, Greater China

iris.pang@asia.ing.com

Robert Carnell

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific

robert.carnell@asia.ing.com

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines

nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

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