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# Asia week ahead: Fine-tuning 2Q GDP growth estimates

June activity releases will help us to fine-tune 2Q19 growth estimate for Asian economies. With downside growth risks persisting and inflation remaining low, the need for greater policy support will keep regional central banks on their toes



Source: Shutterstock

## Intensified export-led slowdown

June trade and manufacturing figures are highlights of the Asian economic calendar for next week. Trade figures, and within that exports matter for manufacturing growth, which in turn drive GDP growth. We have seen accelerated export weakness coming through some Asian

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countries with electronic heavy-weights Korea and Singapore leading the pack.

A slightly positive turnaround in Taiwan's exports was a hopeful sign of recovery, though hopes are misplaced with the trade tensions between the US and China, and now between Japan and Korea, remaining elevated. As such, the balance of risk is tilted towards further export and manufacturing weakness across the region. Look out for trade data from Hong Kong and Thailand, and Taiwan's export order figures next week.

#### Asia: At the forefront of the global tech slump



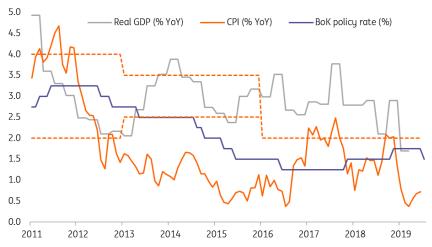
## More downside growth risk

Taiwan also reports industrial production figures for June. The average industrial production growth for three months will help us to assess the risk to our 1.4% GDP growth forecast for 2Q19 (data due on 31 July). Likewise, Singapore's industrial production growth for June will indicate the likely direction of revision to 0.1% year-on-year GDP growth released as part of the advance estimate earlier this month (final estimate due in mid-August).

Korea's preliminary GDP data for 2Q19 will test our view that sharp export declines recently have pushed the economy close to a recession. The Bank of Korea's 25bp policy rate cut today probably heralds a worse growth figure. GDP shrank by 0.4% quarter-on-quarter (seasonally adjusted) in 1Q19. Another such negative print will confirm a (technical) recession. The trade rift with Japan dampens the export outlook, so, a couple more BoK rate cuts by the end of the year won't be an unreasonable view.

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#### Korea: Growth, inflation, and central bank policy rate



Dotted lines are BoK's inflation target, shifted from a range to point target in 2016.

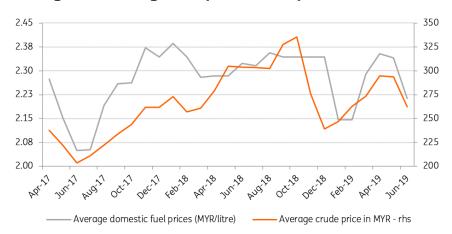
Source: Bloomberg, CEIC, ING

## And subdued inflation

Lately, inflation releases have been largely uninteresting drivers for the markets. We don't think next week's CPI data for June due in Hong Kong, Singapore, and Malaysia will be any different.

Yet, there is likely to be some interest in Malaysia's CPI as the Goods and Services Tax (GST) elimination in June 2018 moved out of the base comparison and likely caused a spike in the year-over-year inflation rate from the near-zero level it had been in the first five months of 2019. On the flip-side, we believe low global crude oil prices drove domestic fuel prices lower and this prevented a sharp rise in headline inflation. Our forecast is 1.1% YoY, up from 0.2% in May. That said, we see average annual inflation in 2019 staying close to the low end of Malaysia's central bank 0.7-1.7% forecast range.

## Malaysia: Falling fuel prices keep CPI inflation low



Source: Bloomberg, CEIC, ING

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## Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
		Monday 22 July			
Hong Kong	0915	Jun Composite CPI (YoY%)	3.0		2.8
Malaysia	0800	Jul 15 Forex reserves- Month end (US\$bn)	-	-	102.7
Philippines	-	Jun Budget balance (PHP bn)	-72.6	-	2.6
Taiwan	0900	Jun Export orders (YoY%)	-	-	-5.8
	0900	Unemployment rate (%)	3.76		3.8
Thailand	-	Jun Exports (customs estimates, YoY%)	-8.5	-	-5.8
	-	Jun Imports (customs estimates, YoY%)	-4.5	-	-0.6
	-	Jun Trade balance (\$m)	831	-	182
		Tuesday 23 July			
Singapore	0600	Jun CPI (YoY%)	0.7	-	0.9
	0600	Jun CPI core (YoY%)	1.2	-	1.3
Taiwan	0900	Jun Industrial production (YoY%)	-1.0	-	-3.1
		Wednesday 24 July			
Malaysia	0500	Jun CPI (YoY%)	1.1	-	0.2
Taiwan	0920	Jun Money supply (M2) (YoY%)	3.5	-	3.4
		Thursday 25 July			
South Korea	0000	2Q P GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	0.0/2.1	-/-	-0.4/1.7
	-	Jul BOK Consumer Sentiment Index	97.2		97.5
Hong Kong	0915	Jun Exports (YoY%)	-2.7		-2.4
	0915	Jun Imports (YoY%)	-3.0		-4.3
	0915	Jun Trade balance (HK\$ bn)	-51.7		-34.7
	2200	Jul BOK Consumer Sentiment Index	-	-	97.5
		Friday 26 July			
Singapore	0330	2Q Jobless rate (Q) (%, SA)	2.3	-	2.2
- '	-	Jun Industrial production (MoM/YoY%)	4.2/-2.1	-/-	-0.7/-2.4
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Source: ING, Bloomberg, \*GMT

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