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# Asia week ahead: China's annual rite of spring

China returns to the limelight as it's top legislative body sets out economic targets and policies for the year. Elsewhere in the region, monetary policy meetings and start-of-the-month activity data pack the calendar



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### China Two Sessions

Top government officials from all over China will gather in Beijing for the annual rite of spring - the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and the National People's Congress sessions to be held on 4th and 5th March respectively.

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The typical focus in these meetings is Premier Li Keqiang's work report due on 5th March, as well as speeches by the heads of the central bank and other regulatory bodies, which set out economic targets for the year – GDP growth, inflation, money supply, bank lending, etc. – and also policy changes required to achieve these targets.

Here is what our greater China Economist Iris Pang expects from Two Sessions this year, which marks the first year of China's 14th five year plan. Iris expects them to omit the GDP growth target once again this year.

China: What to expect from the 'Two Sessions'

# Monetary policies

Australia and Malaysia's central banks are scheduled to hold their policy meetings.

Having eased via expanded quantitative easing in early February, we don't think the Reserve Bank of Australia will have another policy move in the pipeline just yet. Australia's 4Q20 GDP report due a day after the central bank meeting would be rather interesting. We are looking for a moderate year-on-year GDP contraction in the last quarter, by -2.0% than -3.8% in 3Q.

Malaysia's central bank has been defying the easing pressure even as tighter Covid-19 movement restrictions are poised to hit the economy hard in the current quarter. It should have more reasons to do so following the release of January CPI data showing a significant improvement in inflation, to -0.2% YoY from -1.4% in December. We have dropped our call of a 25bp rate cut in March and shifted to a stable policy view for the rest of the year.

Lots of February inflation figures from Korea, Indonesia, the Philippines and Thailand should help to condition expectations of monetary policies by the respective central banks. We are watching if the Korean data attests to the latest upward revision by the Bank of Korea to its 2021 inflation view to 1.3% from 1.0%.

Read our Asia Chief Economist Rob Carnell's thinking on the BoK policy. Indonesia has been experiencing the lowest inflation in more than two decades while the Philippines' inflation numbers have surged past the central bank's 2-4% policy target in January, the trends likely persisted in February.

The latest notes by our <u>Indonesia</u> and the <u>Philippines</u> watcher Nicholas Mapa shed light on the monetary policy path in these countries.

Indonesian central bank cuts policy rates as growth momentum fades

Philippines inflation breaches target in January but BSP not likely to react next week

## Activity releases

Markets will also be busy watching the usual start-of-the-month activity releases on trade and manufacturing for guidance on the path of post-Covid-19 economic recovery this year. Indeed, the electronics-led exports upturn is leading the way out of the record slump of last year but we'll find out if the momentum is sustained from Korea's exports figures for February, the first of the month

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from the region. It probably did, given our house forecast of a 17% YoY export growth.

Also widely watched around this time of the month are the purchasing managers indices (PMIs), both for manufacturing and non-manufacturing sectors.

China's official PMIs to be released over this weekend will set the tone here.

#### Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Time Data/event	ING	Survey Prev.
	Sunday 28 Febru	ary	
China	0100 Feb Official manufac	turing PMI 45.0	51.3
	0100 Feb Official non-man	ufacturing PMI 52.5	52.4
	Monday 1 March		
China	0145 Feb Caixin Manufactu	uring PMI Final 45.0	51.5
India	0500 Feb IHS Markit Manu	facturing PMI -	57.5 57.7
	- Feb Trade Deficit Gov	t -USD Prelim -	14.54
	- Feb Imports - USD Pr	elim -	27.45
	- Feb Exports - USD Pre	elim -	27.45
Malaysia	0030 Feb IHS Markit Manu	facturing PMI -	48.9
Indonesia	0030 Feb IHS Markit PMI	-	52.2
	- Feb Inflation (MoM/Y	oY%) -	0.26/1.55
	- Feb Core Inflation (Yo	)Y%) -	1.56
Philippines	0030 Feb Manufacturing P	MISA -	52.5
Thailand	0030 Feb Manufacturing P	MISA -	49.0
South Korea	0000 Feb Export Growth Pr	relim 17.3	11.4
	0000 Feb Import Growth P	relim 24.4	3.6
	0000 Feb Trade Balance Pr	elim 2000	3.76
	2300 Jan Industrial Outpu	t (YoY%) -	3.4
	2300 Jan Service Sector O	utput Growth -	-1.1
	2300 Jan Industrial Outpu	t Growth -	3.7
	Tuesday 2 March		
Singapore	1300 Feb Manufacturing P	MI -	50.7
Taiwan	0030 Feb IHS Markit Manu	facturing PMI 49.0	60.2
South Korea	0030 Feb IHS Markit Manu	facturing PMI 53.4	53.2
	Wednesday 3 Ma	irch	
China	0145 Feb Caixin Services P	MI -	52
India	0500 Feb IHS Markit Servic	es PMI -	53.2 52.8
Hong Kong	0030 Feb IHS Markit PMI	-	47.8
	0830 Jan Retail Sales (YoY	%) -11.4	-13.2
South Korea	2300 Feb CPI inflation (YoY	%) 0.9	0.6
	2300 Feb CPI inflation - cor	re (YoY%) 0.5	0.9
	2300 Q4 GDP Growth (QoQ	/YoY%) Revised 1.1/-1.4	1.1/-1.4
	Thursday 4 Marc	h	
China	- Annual CPPCC sessio	n -	52
Malaysia	0700 BNM O/N Policy Rate	(%) 1.75	1.75
Indonesia	- Feb Consumer Confid	dence Index -	84.9
Thailand	0300 Feb Consumer Confid	dence Index -	47.8
	Friday 5 March		
China	- Annual NPC session	starts -	52
Indonesia	- Jan Retail Sales Inde	x (YoY%) -	-19.2
Philippines	0100 Feb CPI (MoM/YoY%)	-	1.3/4.2
	0100 Feb Core CPI (YoY%)	-	3.4
	- Feb Forex Reserves U	SD -	108.8
Singapore	0500 Jan Retail Sales (MoN		-0.9/-3.6
Taiwan	0820 Feb Foreign Exchang	•	541.481
Thailand	- Feb CPI Headline Inflo		-0.34
	- Feb CPI Core Inflation		0.21
Source: ING Refinitiv *GMT			

Source: ING, Refinitiv, \*GMT

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