

Asia Week Ahead: China's 20th Party Congress is the highlight

China's 20th Party Congress is the main event in the region in the coming week, followed by China's GDP report



The week ahead

In the coming week, we get a relatively limited number of reports from the region, although we have a flurry of data from China and the much-anticipated 20th Party Congress will be held on 16 October. There should be a lot of buzz and market talk following the congress meeting.

China data and 20th Party Congress in focus

The major event in the coming week will be the 20th Party Congress to be held this Sunday. There will be a lot to talk about this event in the market.

Meanwhile, China will release its 3Q22 GDP report and activity data for September on Tuesday. We expect improvements in GDP growth from 0.4% year-on-year to 4.4%YoY given that fewer lockdowns were implemented in the third quarter. Retail sales, industrial production and fixed

assets investments should grow slightly faster in September compared to a month ago. However, property investments and home prices should continue to be in a dire situation with buyers still adopting a wait-and-see approach, although we did note more home transactions by the first week of October.

We expect policy rates for the Medium-term Lending Facility (MLF) to be released on Monday and the Loan Prime Rate (LPR) on Thursday. We expect both rates to stay the same as the People's Bank of China seems to be injecting funds into policy banks rather than into commercial banks to help local governments address problems associated with uncompleted residential projects. Traditional monetary policy accommodation of interest rate cuts may not the best solution for now.

Trade reports from India and Indonesia

In India, September trade figures will have benefited from the drop in crude prices that saw brent crude falling below \$90/bbl at times in the month. The US\$28bn trade deficit for August will probably fall to something closer to \$26bn.

Meanwhile, Indonesia reports August trade numbers next week. We expect both exports and imports will sustain double-digit gains. Exports will continue to benefit from elevated commodity prices while imports should rise further on improving domestic demand. The overall trade surplus will remain substantial, settling at around \$5.5bn for the month.

Australia's jobs figures

Australia releases September labour market data. The August figures were pretty solid apart from a small uptick in the unemployment rate to 3.5%, and firm labour data will make it awkward for the Reserve Bank of Australia, which scaled back the pace of its rate hikes at the October meeting – though this may be even tougher after third-quarter inflation is released a week later on 26 October.

Japan's inflation to stabilise at 2.7%

Consumer inflation in Japan is expected to stabilise to 2.7% YoY in September (vs 3.0% in August) and the monthly gain should have slowed mainly due to the decline in global oil prices. Also, we expect the trade deficit to narrow in September with imports growth slowing at a faster pace than exports.

Bank Indonesia to stay hawkish, but will we see another surprise?

Bank Indonesia meets next week and will likely tighten monetary policy again. Accelerating inflation and depreciation pressure on the Indonesian rupiah will likely convince Governor Perry Warjiyo to hike aggressively and increase policy rates by 50bp.

Country	Time Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
	Monday 17 October			
Indonesia	0500 Sep Trade Balance (USD bn)	5.48		5.76
	0500 Sep Exports Growth (YoY%)	25.3		30.15
	0500 Sep Imports Growth (YoY%)	28.1		32.81
China	- 1Y MLF policy rate (%)	2.75		2.75
	Tuesday 18 October			
China	0300 Sep Industrial Output (YoY%)	5.0		4.2
	0300 Sep Retail Sales (YoY%)	6.1		5.4
	0300 Sep Fixed Assets Investments (YTD YoY%)	6.4		5.8
	0300 Q3 GDP (YoY%)	4.4		0.4
	Thursday 20 October			
Japan	0050 Sep Imports/Exports (YoY%)	38.6/25.6		49.9/22.1
	0050 Sep Trade Balance (Yen bn)	-1767.8		-2817.3
Australia	0130 Sep Unemployment Rate	3.5		3.5
	130 Sep Employment change (000s)	25		33.5
	0130 Sep Reserve Assets Total	-		79860
China	0215 Oct Loan Prime Rate 1Y/5Y (%)	3.65/4.30		3.65/4.30
Indonesia	- Oct 7-Day Reverse Repo	4.25		3.75
Taiwan	0900 Export orders (YoY%)	-6.8		2.0
	Friday 21 October			
Japan	0030 Sep CPI (YoY%)	2.9		3.0
Indonesia	0400 Sep M2 Money Supply (YoY%)	-		9.5

Asia Economic Calendar

Source: Refinitiv, ING

Author

Iris Pang

Chief Economist, Greater China iris.pang@asia.ing.com

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("**ING**") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central

Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit www.ing.com.