

Asia week ahead: China in focus amid tariff threat

China's foreign exchange reserves data for June should give an idea about the extent of capital flight as the Chinese yuan turned from Asia's outperformer to an underperformer with 3% depreciation



Downside risk to consensus on China reserve data

It's no longer a question if the US will go ahead with tariffs on Chinese imports tomorrow (6 July) - instead, it's now more a question about the aftermath - the impact on the world's second-biggest economy and then on the rest of the world. As a result, China's economic data for June will be under close scrutiny.

The data dump starts with foreign exchange reserves data this weekend (7 July), followed by inflation, bank lending, and trade over the course of the coming week, and then culminates into second quarter GDP release the following week.

Of all, the foreign exchange reserves will be key given what's been happening to the Chinese yuan (CNY) following the US tariff announcement in mid-June - a shift from being Asia's outperformer

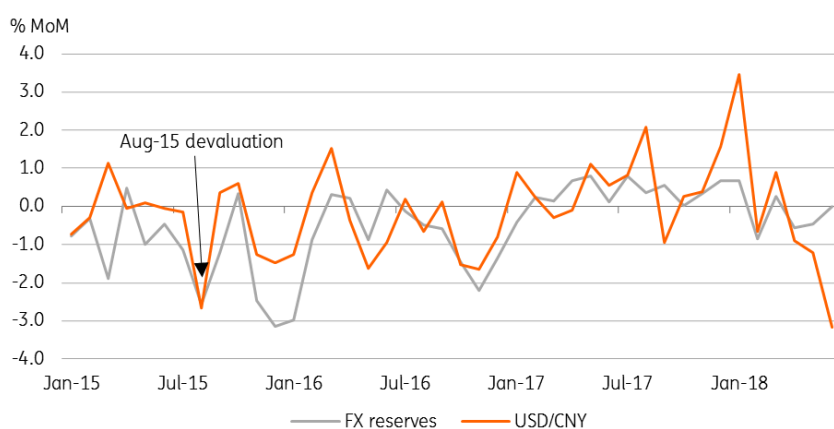
until the announcement to underperformer with over 3% depreciation since. The latest depreciation reminds us of the 2.7% devaluation in August 2015 and judging from a \$93bn fall in reserves in August 2015, the consensus of only \$8bn reserves fall may appear to be understating the capital flight from China.

\$3.103tr

Consensus on China fx reserves in end-June

Down by \$7.6bn from end-May

China: Foreign reserves and USD/CNY



Source: Bloomberg, ING

Other data releases include exports, which are expected to have held up well in June ahead of the tariff kick-off, possibly led by front-loading of shipments before the tariffs take effect. The consensus on exports is 10.6% year on year growth in comparison to 12.6% in May, and for new yuan lending, it is CNY 1.535tr (CNY 1.150tr in May).

A surprise easing from the People's Bank of China with a cut in banks' reserve requirement should have supported the bank lending, while inflation continues to grind higher.

Korea and Malaysia central bank to stay on hold

Elsewhere in Asia, central banks in Korea and Malaysia will hold their monetary policy meetings, and the consensus is looking for no change in the rate policy by either. Hence all the attention will be on their policy statements, which, in all likelihood, will express caution on growth as the trade heat rises.

We're constantly watching our growth forecasts for regional economies for a downgrade and apart from a few Asian central banks, especially in countries where wide trade and current account deficits have battered currencies in the sell-off this year including India, Indonesia, and the Philippines, we expect monetary policy to remain on hold in the region.

India inflation data to lead RBI for next hike in August

India's consumer price inflation for June will condition expectations of the next Reserve Bank policy meeting in early August. On our forecast, inflation accelerated to 5.4% YoY in June from 4.9% in May on higher food and transport components.

The RBI forecasts inflation in a 4.8-4.9% range in the first half of FY19 (Apr-Sep 2018). Latest hike in the minimum support prices for agriculture produce and rising oil prices will sustain high inflation in the period ahead. We have been forecasting a 25bp RBI policy rate hike in August, and have now added one more 25bp rate hike at the October meeting.

Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Time	Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
Friday 6 July					
Hong Kong	-	Jun Forex Reserves (US\$bn)	430	-	432.1
Malaysia	0800	Jun 29 Forex reserves- Month end (US\$bn)	-	-	107.9
Philippines	-	Jun Forex reserves (US\$bn)	-	-	79202.4
Monday 9 July					
China	-	Jun Forex Reserves (US\$bn)	3101	3105	3110.62
Singapore	-	2Q A GDP (QoQ /YoY%)	-/-	-/-	1.7/4.4
Taiwan	0900	Jun Exports (YoY%)	13.9	8.1	14.2
	0900	Jun Imports (YoY%)	13.6	-	12
Taiwan	900	Jun Trade balance (US\$bn)	13.9	8.1	14.2
Tuesday 10 July					
China	0230	Jun PPI (YoY%)	4	4.6	4.1
	0230	Jun CPI (YoY%)	1.8	2.2	1.8
	-	Jun Money supply (M2) (YoY%)	8.3	8.4	8.3
Philippines	0200	May Exports (YoY%)	-4	-	-8.5
	0200	May Imports (YoY%)	11	-	22.2
	0200	May Trade balance (US\$m)	-3684	-	-3615
Wednesday 11 July					
Malaysia	0800	Overnight Policy Rate	3.25	-	3.25
South Korea	0000	Jun Unemployment rate (% SA)	4	-	4
Thursday 12 July					
India	1300	Jun CPI (YoY%)	5.4	-	4.87
	1300	May Industrial production (YoY%)	5.8	-	4.9
	-	Jun Trade deficit (US\$bn)	-15.9	-	-14618
	-	Jun Exports (YoY%)	11	-	20.18
	-	Jun Imports (YoY%)	15	-	14.85
Malaysia	0500	May Industrial production (YoY%)	3.4	-	4.6
Singapore	0600	May Retail sales value (MoM/YoY%)	2.9/2.7	-/-	-0.2/0.4
South Korea	-	7-Day Repo Rate	1.5	-	1.5
China	-	Jun Financial institution loans (Yuan bn)	1617	1535	1150
Friday 13 July					
China	-	Jun Trade Balance (US\$bn)	23	-	24.922
	-	Jun Exports (YoY%)	14.4	-	12.6
	-	Jun Imports (YoY%)	22.4	-	26
Singapore	-	2Q GDP - advance (QoQ/YoY% saar)	2.0/3.8	-/-	1.7/4.4

Source: ING, Bloomberg