Asia week ahead



Article | 13 August 2020

Asia week ahead: Japan's GDP and central bank meetings

China, Indonesia and the Philippine central bank to meet next week, but all of them will take a pause. And Japan's moment of truth arrives with second-quarter GDP numbers too



Source: Shutterstock

Japan's second quarter GDP report card

The data calendar for Japan is loaded next week, with the 2Q20 GDP release the main highlight.

2Q20 GDP is expected to contract by more than 20% (saar), much worse than the -2.2% recorded in 1Q. Japan trade data for July will also be released, and will also point to contraction as the global economy continues to run soft due to the pandemic.

Article | 13 August 2020 1

Central bank meetings: Hitting the pause button for now

A couple of central banks will be meeting next week, but all of them are expected to take a pause.

The People's Bank of China will likely keep policy unchanged with monetary authorities actually tightening via open market operations for most of July and August.

Indonesia's central bank is scheduled to meet with Governor Warjiyo probably pausing after a recent rate cut to help provide some stability for the IDR.

The Philippine central bank is also widely expected to keep rates steady after Governor Diokno signalled no rate cuts to come in the next two quarters.

Inflation: Subdued as economic engines grind to a halt

CPI inflation will be released for Japan, Malaysia and Hong Kong with all likely to remain subdued as economic activity remains constrained by social distancing, labour market uncertainty and poor consumer sentiment.

Malaysia will likely report another month of negative inflation (July inflation at -1.8%) while Hong Kong and Japan inflation should remain below 1%

Rest of Asia: Thailand in recession, trade data still reflecting global slowdown

Thailand's 2Q GDP should confirm a recession with the economy forecasted to contract by 12.8% after the -1.8% 1Q GDP report.

Trade data for the region rounds out data releases for the coming week and will likely reflect the ongoing weakness in the global economy. Indonesia's exports may revert to negative territory after the surprise expansion in June while trade figures out from Japan and the Philippines should remain weak in year-on-year terms due to depressed global demand.

Asia Economic Calendar

Country	Time Data/event	ING	Survey	Prev.
	Monday 17 August			
Philippines	- Jun OCW remittances (YoY%)	-18.7	-	-19.3
Singapore	0130 Jul Non-oil domestic exports (MoM/YoY%)	0.6/4.1	-/-	0.5/16.1
Thailand	0330 2Q GDP (QoQ/YoY%)	-10.9/-12.8	-/-	-2.2/-1.8
	Tuesday 18 August			
Indonesia	0500 Jul Trade balance (US\$mn)	-409.1	-	1267
	0500 Jul Exports (YoY%)	-13.9	-	2.3
	0500 Jul Imports (YoY%)	-11.6	-	-6.4
	Wednesday 19 August			
Indonesia	0820 Aug 19 Bl policy decision (7-day reverse repo,	4	-	4.0
	Thursday 20 August			
India	1230 India RBI Minutes			
Philippines	0900 Overnight Borrowing Rate	2.25	-	2.25
Taiwan	0900 Jul Export orders (YoY%)	7	-	6.5
	0920 2Q Current account balance (US\$bn)	19.8	-	18160
South Korea	2200 Jul PPI (YoY%)	-0.7	-	-0.9
	Friday 21 August			
Malaysia	0500 Jul CPI (YoY%)	-1.8	-	-1.9
	0800 Aug 14 Forex reserves- Month end (US\$bn)	-	-	104.2
Source: ING, Bloomberg, *GMT				

Article | 13 August 2020

Author

Nicholas Mapa Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Article | 13 August 2020