

Article | 26 September 2023

Asia Morning Bites

Singapore reports August production figures. Global bond yields keep rising. USD keeps gaining



Source: shutterstock

Global Macro and Markets

• Global markets: US equity markets did what the futures markets had earlier suggested, and rose modestly yesterday. The S&P 500 and NASDAQ were both up respectively 0.4% and 0.45%, though this took some effort as stocks opened down and had to dig themselves out of a hole to achieve even this modest increase. Additional slight gains are signalled by the futures markets currently. Chinese stocks turned negative again yesterday, reversing Friday's gains. The Hang Seng fell 1.82% while the CSI 300 fell 0.65%. US Treasury yields continue to move higher. The 10Y yield rose 10bp yesterday, taking it to 4.533%. There was less going on with the 2Y yield, which rose only 1.5bp to sit at 5.125%. Fed speakers are cited as being behind some of the weakness in demand for Treasuries, according to one newswire. However, the most notable Fed speaker yesterday, Austan Goolsbee, a renowned dove, merely said that a soft landing remains a possibility, but that there remain risks. That doesn't feel like it was worth 10bp on the 10Y, probably not even 1bp. Rising yields have boosted the USD, and EURUSD has dropped below 1.06 to 1.0595. It was slightly lower back in February and March this year when it got down to 1.0516. The AUD has drifted down to 0.6423, Cable has similarly gone down to 1.2215, and the JPY has weakened to 148.83 as Governor Ueda stuck with his exceptionally cautious tone on the outlook for inflation. Other

- Asian FX was mostly slightly weaker against the USD on Monday. The CNY is back above 7.30 at 7.3120, and despite the recent bond news, the INR has risen back above 83. As has often been the case recently, the THB is propping up the bottom of the league table.
- **G-7 macro:** Yesterday was thin for Macro, with a slightly weaker German Ifo survey as the main data point. The Chicago Fed national activity index (a contemporaneous recession indicator) fell below the zero mark in August, but house prices continued to rise. Today, US new home sales and the Conference Board consumer confidence index are the main releases.
- **Singapore:** Singapore reports industrial production numbers for August later today. We can expect another month of contraction for industrial production as the sector tracks the struggling export market. Non-oil domestic exports have seen a string of negative growth numbers due to soft global demand, and we expect industrial production to stay subdued until we see a meaningful pickup in global trade.

What to look out for: US consumer confidence

- South Korea consumer confidence (26 September)
- Singapore industrial production (26 September)
- US Conference board consumer confidence, new home sales, FHFA house price index (26 September)
- Australia CPI inflation (27 September)
- China industrial profits (27 September)
- Japan machine tool orders (27 September)
- US durable goods orders and MBA mortgage applications (27 September)
- Australia retail sales (28 September)
- US initial jobless claims, personal consumption, pending home sales (28 September)
- Fed's Powell, Goolsbee and Barkin speak (29 September)
- Japan Tokyo CPI inflation and labor report (29 September)
- Thailand trade (29 September)

• US University of Michigan sentiment, personal spending (29 September)

Author

Robert CarnellRegional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific robert.carnell@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.