

Article | 16 January 2023

Asia Morning Bites

China MLF decision and Indonesian trade are Asia's highlights on a quiet day for the G-7 as the US is on holiday. The JPY and JGBs remain in the spotlight ahead of Wednesday's Bank of Japan meeting



Source: shutterstock

Macro outlook

• Global Markets: US stocks made further gains on Friday, though on a relatively modest scale as the boost from low inflation data earlier in the week began to fade. Some of the zing also went out of the bond market too. 2Y US Treasuries, which had looked overbought at levels below the lower bound of the Fed funds rate (4.25%), saw yields rising 8.7bp, reversing most of Thursday's decline. Yields on the 10Y US Treasury rose 6.4bp to just over 3.50%. It's a public holiday in the US today so markets may be a little uninspired today. But there is still some room to close the gap between the implied peak Fed funds rate (currently 4.92%) and 5.0% (ING f) or 5.0%+ (consensus Fed view), and this gap will probably be closed, even if you think the Fed will pivot later this year. Given some fairly extreme speculative positioning (commitment of traders' report) this raises the possibility of some tactical positioning, even if strategically, you consider the broader move in yields from here to be lower. EURUSD drifted a bit lower on Friday but remains above 1.08. Most of the rest of the G-10 pack is pretty steady, the exception being the JPY, which has been getting a lot of support from investors betting on a change in policy at Wednesday's meeting. Practically none of the consensus of forecasters thinks the BoJ will actually move, but no one will want

to miss out by being on the wrong side of any surprise on either yield curve control or policy rates. 10Y JGB yields remain above 0.50%. The rest of the Asian FX pack made solid gains on Friday, catching up with the G-10's moves the day before. The IDR led the charge, rising 1.24%, followed by the THB (1.16%) and PHP (0.84%).

- G-7 Macro: There is nothing of much interest on the G-7 macro calendar today.
- China: The PBoC will announce its 1Y Medium Lending Facility (MLF) policy rate decision today. The consensus is for a pause at 2.75%. There could, however, be an extra liquidity injection on 1Y MLF volumes. One reason is that the Chinese New Year holiday is coming and liquidity is usually tight before this. But this is not certain, as the PBoC has already been injecting liquidity to cover the holiday period through open market operations. Another reason is that the PBoC could inject extra liquidity via the MLF at the beginning of the year rather than cutting the required reserve ratio to support what is usually strong loan growth in the first quarter. The market should perceive more liquidity injections as supportive measures for economic growth.
- Indonesia: Trade data will be released on Monday. The market consensus points to a second straight month of contraction for imports as energy imports slide after global energy prices moderate. Exports are likely to remain in expansion but settle at 7.4%YoY, resulting in a trade surplus of roughly \$4bn, much lower than the high of \$7.5bn recorded in 2022. Smaller trade surpluses suggest that the IDR may lose some support in 2023.

What to look out for: China activity data

- Japan PPI inflation (16 January)
- China medium term lending facility (16 January)
- Indonesia trade balance (16 January)
- Philippines remittances (16 January)
- Australia consumer confidence (17 January)
- China GDP, retail sales and industrial production (17 January)
- Singapore NODX (17 January)
- Japan core machine orders and industrial production (18 January)
- BoJ policy meeting (18 January)
- Taiwan GDP (18 January)

- US retail sales, PPI, industrial production and MBA mortgage applications (18 January)
- Japan trade balance (19 January)
- Australia employment change (19 January)
- Malaysia BNM policy meeting (19 January)
- Bank Indonesia policy meeting (19 January)
- US initial jobless claims and housing starts(19 January)
- South Korea PPI inflation (20 January)
- Japan CPI inflation (20 January)
- US existing home sales (20 January)

Author

Robert Carnell

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific

robert.carnell@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

 $Additional\ information\ is\ available\ on\ request.\ For\ more\ information\ about\ ING\ Group,\ please\ visit\ \underline{http://www.ing.com}.$