

THINK economic and financial analysis

Asia Morning Bites | India | Japan

Asia Morning Bites

Asian currencies make gains as the USD softens during the Presidential debate. Indian August inflation is set to fall further



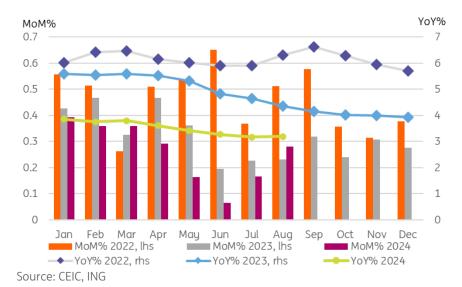
Asia Morning Bites

Global Macro and Markets

- Global Markets: A disappointing set of inflation data from the US yesterday hasn't dampened rate cut spirits too much, and the market is still pricing in 4+ cuts by the end of this year, pushing back the jumbo cuts to November and December. An additional 25bp on top of the first 25bp in September is just 17.5% priced in currently. 2Y Treasury yields rose a fairly modest 4.7 basis points, while the 10Y yield rose just 1.1bp to 3.653%. EURUSD is down slightly, at 1.1011, erasing its gains earlier in the day and a bit more ahead of today's ECB meeting. Markets seemed to award the Harris-Trump debate victory to Harris, and the USD weakened slightly during the debate. The AUD dropped as low as 0.6622 yesterday but has steadily recovered since then to 0.6678. Cable has dropped back to 1.3039 after some more weak activity data while the JPY remains roughly unchanged over the last 24 hours at 142.62, though it has also given back gains made earlier in the session. Most of the Asia pack made gains against the USD on Wednesday, led by the SE Asian currencies, PHP, IDR, VND and MYR, though the KRW and TWD also made gains. US stocks managed to make decent gains despite the setback on inflation. The S&P 500 rose 1.07% and the NASDAQ was up 2.17%. Chinese stocks struggled on Wednesday. The Hang Seng dropped 0.73% and the CSI 300 fell 0.30%.
- G-7 Macro: Headline August US CPI rose in line with expectations, up 0.2% MoM, and

dropping to 2.5% YoY from 2.9% in July. It was the core measures where the disappointment lay. Core CPI rose 0.3% MoM rather than the 0.2% that had been expected. However, this left core inflation running at 3.2% YoY as expected, thanks to rounding. PPI data due today will also be worth a look as some of the PCE numbers derive from elements of this data, as well as the CPI release. There was disappointing activity data from the UK yesterday, where the monthly GDP numbers came in flat for a second consecutive month. 3Q24 GDP in the UK is shaping up to be soft as a result. Other than that, the big news for today will be an expected further 25bp rate cut from the ECB, taking the deposit rate down to 3.5%.

- India: Consensus forecasts for Indian inflation for August show a further small decline from 3.54% to 3.47% YoY. We are at the low end of the consensus with a 3.10% forecast as falling food price inflation should have a bigger impact than the consensus numbers indicate.
- Japan: Pipeline inflation showed that underlying inflationary pressures cooled in August thanks to falling commodity prices and the JPY's appreciation. Producer price inflation eased faster than expected to 2.5% YoY in August (vs 3.0% in July, 2.8% market consensus). The month-on-month change fell to -0.2% MoM sa as utility prices dropped for the first time in four months. Also, import prices moved down sharply to 2.6% YoY in August (vs 10.8% in July). Consumer price inflation for August, released next Friday, is expected to temporarily surge to 3.0% YoY. But we believe inflation will come down again from September, helped by the restart of the energy subsidy programme. The slowdown of pipeline prices will allow the BoJ to monitor financial market developments. But if growth, especially consumption conditions improve, the BoJ is likely to resume its rate hikes as early as December.



Evolution of US CPI inflation

What to look out for: Japan PPI, India CPI, ECB meeting

September 12th

Japan: August PPI

India: August CPI, September industrial production

ECB rates meeting

US: August PPI final demand

US: August ADP employment change, ISM services index

September 13th

US: August monthly budget statement, import, export, trade balance

Japan: July industrial production

Thailand: September 6th gross international reserve

Author

Min Joo Kang Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("**ING**") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit <u>www.ing.com</u>.