

Asia Morning Bites | Australia | China...

Asia Morning Bites

Higher inflation and rising bond yields could help snuff out the recent risk-on rally.



Asia Morning Bites

Source: shutterstock

Macro Outlook

• **Global**: In the daily tug of war between asset classes and FX, it feels like the bond market is currently in the driving seat, though of course, that can change on a daily basis. While yields were higher across the US Treasury curve yesterday, we should perhaps focus on the Eurozone yield curve, where 10Y yields were up between 5-9bp. It's worth remarking that only 3 months ago, 3m German 10Y Bund yields were about 110-120bp lower, and hovering around zero. We've moved a very long way since then. The probable driver for the latest move in yields was the upside miss on the Eurozone inflation rate reading for May, which came in at 8.1%YoY, above the 7.8% expected (7.5% in April). <u>Our European economists add more colour here</u>. The US stock market was a touch weaker yesterday, though volumes were again thin, and there doesn't seem to be much conviction at the moment. Asian equity futures are more mixed than outright negative today. And in currency space, moves generally mirrored what has been happening in the equity market, with the EURUSD, and AUD edging lower again. In Asia, the THB was the main underperformer, following weak trade data yesterday.

- India: 1Q GDP of 4.1%YoY was broadly in line with the market consensus of 3.9% (INGf 4.0%). The GDP print means we don't have to amend our full-year 7.2% forecast. Private consumption was the main drag on growth, and won't be being helped by the impact of higher prices on purchasing power. The GDP reading is no obstacle to the RBI stepping up the pace of its tightening later this month. A 50bp hike is looking possible.
- South Korea: Slightly stronger than expected May exports (21.3%YoY) helped offset the impact of the continued strength of imports (32%YoY) and led to a slight contraction in the trade deficit. That now stands at -USD1705m (April was -USD2508m), though the KRW has opened slightly softer in early trading despite this supportive release.
- Australia: 1Q22 GDP out later this morning is quite a wild card following the 3.4% QoQ outcome in 4Q21. The consensus ranges between 0.2%QoQ and 2.0%QoQ, though the median is 0.7%QoQ and the mode 0.6%QoQ. We'll know by 0930 SGT. In any event, 1Q22 GDP is quite historical now and probably won't have much bearing on RBA rate hike expectations.
- **China**: We expect Caixin's manufacturing PMI will come in lower than the official manufacturing PMI of 49.6 released yesterday as the survey targets smaller entities. These smaller firms are facing more difficulties relating to logistics and therefore will probably get fewer new orders compared to larger manufacturers.
- Taiwan: Taiwan's manufacturing PMI should fall to close to 50.0 as Taiwan's export order data showed a drop in orders due to weaker demand for consumer electronics in Mainland China.

What to look out for: US non-farm payrolls

- South Korea trade (1 June)
- Regional PMI manufacturing (1 June)
- Australia 1Q GDP (1 June)
- US ISM manufacturing (1 June)
- Indonesia CPI inflation (2 June)
- Australia trade balance (2 June)
- US ADP jobs, initial jobless claims, durable goods orders (2 June)
- South Korea CPI inflation (3 June)
- US non-farm payrolls and ISM services (3 June)

Authors

Robert Carnell

Regional Head of Research, Asia-Pacific robert.carnell@asia.ing.com

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("**ING**") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. *ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies)*. The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.