Article | 1 November 2024

Asia Morning Bites

Caixin PMIs and Korean trade set the scene for Asia ahead of hurricane-affected US non-farm payrolls tonight



Asia Morning Bites

Global Macro and Markets

- Global Markets: Outside of the UK, bond yields did not see much change yesterday. US 2Y yields were down 1.2bp to 4.17%, and the 10Y yield was down 1.6bp to 4.28%. Yields in the Eurozone were little changed, with German and French 10Y yields both down 0.1bp to 2.38% and 3.12% respectively. Japanese 10Y yields were unchanged at 0.93%. The main mover was the UK, where 10-year yields moved 9.5bp higher to 4.44% as the fallout from the UK budget continued.
- In the foreign exchange world, currencies generally moved stronger versus the dollar. The JPY led the way with a 0.9% gain after the BoJ meeting, the CHF and EUR were up around 0.3%, but the GBP was down 0.5% and CAD down 0.2%. In Asia, the PHP, KRW, and SGD were up 0.2%. Most other Asian currencies were little changed with movements of under 0.1%.
- Equities had a generally bad day yesterday, with the S&P 500 down 1.9%, the NASDAQ down 2.8%, and the Dow down 0.9%. The Euro Stoxx 50 fell 1.2% and FTSE 100 was down 0.6%. In Asia, the Nikkei was down 0.5%, the Hang Seng index down 0.3%, while the CSI 300 was basically flat with a tiny uptick on the day.
- **G-7 Macro:** It was a busy day for data releases yesterday. In the US, we had some more jobs data out overnight and the personal income and spending report. James Knightley characterises the data as telling a "Goldilocks story" and views that this is setting up a 25bp

Fed cut next week.

- In Europe, we had a slate of inflation data which mostly moved a little higher over the last month, with Eurozone inflation up a little more than expectations. Headline inflation was 2% and core inflation 2.7% YoY which could add some uncertainty to the ECB outlook.
- We also saw the BoJ keep rates unchanged, which was in line with market expectations. Min
 <u>Joo's note mentions that there was not too much clear guidance from the BoJ</u>, but
 Governor Ueda's comments leaned toward the hawkish side and supported our call for a
 <u>December rate hike</u>.
- In terms of macro data releases today, in the G7 space the biggest data coming out is the US labour market release. Markets are already looking for a drop of non-farm payrolls to 101k, reflecting the impact from the hurricane. We also have a lot of PMI data today across the globe, including the US ISM manufacturing index, China's Caixin PMI, and other PMI releases in the UK, Japan, and Taiwan.
- China: The Caixin PMI is set for publication this morning, it will be interesting to see if we will see the strength of yesterday's official PMI mirrored in the Caixin read, given the data had shown strength was skewed toward larger firms and domestic demand with slowing export orders. Caixin's PMI survey respondents have been more skewed toward smaller and more export-oriented companies, so if we see any divergence in the PMI reads that would further confirm this trend.
- South Korea: Exports rose 4.6% YoY in October, down from 7.5% in September, and lower than the market consensus of 7.0% YoY. Export details were encouraging but we are a bit concerned that working-day-adjusted exports dropped -0.2% YoY in October, the first decline since October 2023. By product details, semiconductors and automobiles rose firmly by 40.3% and 5.5%, respectively. Yet, oil products declined -34.9% due to falling global oil prices. By destination, exports to China grew 10.9% on the back of strong exports of semiconductors and petrochemicals and exports to the US also recorded a gain of 3.4%. From now on, favourable base effects (partly related to global oil prices and semiconductor prices) start to fade away, so headline export growth is expected to decelerate. However, we continue to believe that exports should be the main growth engine for overall GDP growth.

What to look out for: Non-farm payrolls, Korean trade, Caixin PMIs

November 1st

Australia: September household spending, 3Q PPI

China: October Caixin China manufacturing PMI

Indonesia: October CPI

India: October 25 foreign exchange reserves

S Korea: October imports, exports, trade balance

Taiwan: October S&P global Taiwan manufacturing PMI

Singapore: October PMI (November 2)

US: October non-farm payrolls, unemployment rate,

Author

Lynn SongChief Economist, Greater China
lynn.song@asia.ing.com

Min Joo Kang

Senior Economist, South Korea and Japan min.joo.kang@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

 $Additional\ information\ is\ available\ on\ request.\ For\ more\ information\ about\ ING\ Group,\ please\ visit\ \underline{www.ing.com}.$