

Article | 15 June 2020

ASEAN Morning Bytes

Fears of "second wave" of Covid-19 to weigh on market sentiment



EM Space: Concerns of a second round of lockdowns to weigh on sentiment

- General Asia: Beijing imposed restrictions in some parts of the city as new clusters of infections surfaced over the weekend, fueling concern that a second wave of infections may strike. Covid-19 cases in the US tiptoed higher too, with some experts warning that the recent protest rallies that broke out two weeks ago could spark a renewed acceleration of infection. China reports retail sales and industrial production later on Monday which could give additional color to trading while investors continue to monitor the developing Covid-19 situation in China.
- Thailand: The authorities have announced the end of the remaining Covid-19 lockdown today even as a state of emergency continues until the end of June and national borders will remain closed for some more months. While this may reactivate the domestic economy somewhat, the main economic drivers of trade and tourism are unlikely to be back in play anytime soon.
- **Philippines:** Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) reported overseas Filipino (OF) remittance flows for March with dollar remittances contracting by 4.7%, showing the early signs of Covid-19 on employment prospects for millions of Filipinos based overseas. We expect this trend to continue with up to 500,000 OFs applying for government aid after losing their jobs

Article | 15 June 2020

- due to the global pandemic and lockdowns in their host countries. Slowing remittance flows is one of the main reasons we expect current account woes to return to the Philippines, which should put added depreciation pressure on the PHP in the coming months and slow the economic recovery with remittance-fuelled consumption absent.
- Indonesia: Indonesia reports trade data for May with market players bracing for a substantial contraction in both imports and exports. Trade activity is expected to have cratered with the pandemic scuttling global trade while partial lockdown measures likely slowed the movement and demand of goods. Despite the pullback for both imports and exports, analysts expect the trade balance to remain in surplus, which should be a positive for the IDR in the near-term, bolstering the case for monetary easing from the central bank at this week's meeting.

What to look out for: China economic data and Covid-19 developments

- Indonesia trade (15 June)
- China industrial production and retail sales (15 June)
- Hong Kong unemployment (16 June)
- US retail sales (16 June)
- Bank of Japan meeting (16 June)
- Powell testimony to Senate (16 June)
- Singapore non-oil domestic exports (17 June)
- US housing starts and building permits (17 June)
- Bank Indonesia policy meeting (18 June)
- Taiwan central bank meeting (18 June)
- US initial jobless claims (18 June)
- Thailand GIR (19 June)
- Philippines BoP (19 June)

Author

Nicholas Mapa

Senior Economist, Philippines

nicholas.antonio.mapa@asia.ing.com

Disclaimer

This publication has been prepared by the Economic and Financial Analysis Division of ING Bank N.V. ("ING") solely for information purposes without regard to any particular user's investment objectives, financial situation, or means. ING forms part of ING Group (being for this purpose ING Group N.V. and its subsidiary and affiliated companies). The information in the publication is not an investment recommendation and it is not investment, legal or tax advice or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any financial instrument. Reasonable care has been taken to ensure that this publication is not untrue or misleading when published, but ING does not represent that it is accurate or complete. ING does not accept any liability for any direct, indirect or consequential loss arising from any use of this publication. Unless otherwise stated, any views, forecasts, or estimates are solely those of the author(s), as of the date of the publication and are subject to change without notice.

The distribution of this publication may be restricted by law or regulation in different jurisdictions and persons into whose possession this publication comes should inform themselves about, and observe, such restrictions.

Copyright and database rights protection exists in this report and it may not be reproduced, distributed or published by any person for any purpose without the prior express consent of ING. All rights are reserved. ING Bank N.V. is authorised by the Dutch Central

Article | 15 June 2020 2

Bank and supervised by the European Central Bank (ECB), the Dutch Central Bank (DNB) and the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM). ING Bank N.V. is incorporated in the Netherlands (Trade Register no. 33031431 Amsterdam). In the United Kingdom this information is approved and/or communicated by ING Bank N.V., London Branch. ING Bank N.V., London Branch is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. ING Bank N.V., London branch is registered in England (Registration number BR000341) at 8-10 Moorgate, London EC2 6DA. For US Investors: Any person wishing to discuss this report or effect transactions in any security discussed herein should contact ING Financial Markets LLC, which is a member of the NYSE, FINRA and SIPC and part of ING, and which has accepted responsibility for the distribution of this report in the United States under applicable requirements.

Additional information is available on request. For more information about ING Group, please visit http://www.ing.com.

Article | 15 June 2020 3